

A **NEW FORCE** IN CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING

AEROSOLS | WELDING CHEMICALS | ADHESIVES & THREADLOCKERS | ANTI-SEIZE & GREASES | CLEANING CHEMICALS & SOLVENTS | ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS

ISSUED MAY 2020 (VALID 5 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUE)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

SUPPLIER	CHEMTOOLS PTY LTD	PHONE	1300 738 250 (Business Hours)
ADDRESS	Unit 2, 14 – 16 Lee Holm Road	FAX	02 9623 3670
	ST MARYS NSW 2760	WEBSITE	www.chemtools.com.au

PRODUCT NAME	DEOX Silicone Fluid			
PART NUMBER	CT-R14SF	PRODUCT TYPE	Silicon	e Fluid
PRODUCT USE	Lubricant			
CREATION DATE	July 2018	LATEST REVISION DATE		Refer to date of issue above

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Statement of Hazardous Nature Not classified as Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmo	
	System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).
ADG Classification	Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the
	Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (7 th Edition).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients:

Chemical Entity	CAS Number	Proportion
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	100%

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice	If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766).
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist, seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention.
Eye Contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed completely out. If symptoms develop and/or persist, seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically
Other Information	For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once.



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SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or foam. Do NOT use water jet.
Hazards from Combustion	Under fire conditions, this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke,
Products	and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and oxides of nitrogen.
Specific Hazards Arising from	This product will burn if exposed to fire.
The Chemical	
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Precautions in Connection with	Fire Fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in
Fire	positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours
	or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight
	fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and
	watercourses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures	Remove all sources of ignition. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected	
	personnel. Do not breathe in vapours or dust. Wear personal respiratory	
	protection and full protective clothing to minimise exposure.	
Liquid Form	Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. If	
	possible, contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto	
	spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into	
	suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal.	
Solid Form	Sweep up material avoiding dust generation – dampen spilled material with water	
	if suitable to avoid airborne dust, OR where possible use dustless methods such as	
	vacuum to collect the material; then transfer material in to suitable vapour tight	
	labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal.	
	Dispose of waste according the applicable local and national regulations. If	
	contamination of sewers or waterways occurs, inform the local water and waste	
	management authorities in accordance with local regulations.	

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling	Avoid inhalation of vapours, mists and dust, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a
	well-ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build-up
	of vapours, mists, or dust in the work atmosphere. Do not use near ignition
	sources. Do not pressurise, cut, heat, or weld containers as they may contain
	hazardous residues. Establish good housekeeping practices.
	Solid Form: Remove dust accumulations on a regular basis by vacuuming or gentle
	sweeping to avoid creating dust clouds. Maintain high standards of personal



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	hygiene, i.e., washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities.
Conditions for Safe Storage - incl. any incompatibilities	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat, sources of ignition, and out of direct sunlight and moisture. Store away from incompatible materials such as materials that support combustion; oxidising agents, strong acids, food stuffs, and clothing. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.
Storage Temperatures	Preferably store between 5°C and 39°C

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Biological Limit Values	None allocated
Occupational Exposure Limit Values	None established
Appropriate Engineering Controls	Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits or as low as possible. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a flameproof exhaust ventilation system is required. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates below the exposure standards, suitable respirator protection must be worn. Refer to relevant regulations for further information
Respiratory Protection	concerning ventilation requirements. If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure, then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapour, mist, or dust/particulate filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 2009, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 2012 Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.
Eye Protection	Safety Glasses with side shields, chemical goggles, or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 2 & 6 2012 – Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as PVC, which is suitable for casual contact. Neoprene or nitrile gloves are recommended for direct contact of more than 2 hours. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances, i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant



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	regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1 2016: Occupational Protective Gloves – Selection, Use and Maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.
Other Information	Solid Form: No exposure standards have been established for this material, however, the TWA exposure standards for dust not otherwise specified is 10mg/m³. As with all chemicals, exposure should be kept to the lowest possible levels. Time Weighted Average (TWA): The airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week. Source: Safe Work Australia

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMCIAL PROPERTIES

(Note: Typical values only – consult specification sheet)

Form/Appearance	Solid/Liquid		
Colour	Various		
Odour	Typical		
Decomposition Temperature	Not available		
Melting Point	Not available		
Boiling Point	Not available		
Solubility in Water	Not available		
Specific Gravity	Not available		
рН	Not available		
Vapour Pressure	Not available		
Vapour Density (Air = 1)	Not available		
Evaporation Rate	Not available		
Odour Threshold	Not available		
Viscosity	Not available		
Volatile Component	Not available		
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available		
Flash Point	Not available		
Flammability	Not available		
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available		
Explosion Limit – Upper	Not available		
Explosion Limit – Lower	Not available		
Explosion Properties	Not available		
Oxidising Properties	Not available		
Kinematic Viscosity	Not available		
Dynamic Viscosity	Not available		



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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Refer to Section 10: Possibility of hazardous reactions
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling
Conditions to Avoid	Dust, heat, open flames, and other sources of ignition. Extremes of temperature (preferably, store between 5°C and 39°C). The product is combustible when heated > 300°C.
Incompatible Materials	May react with strong oxidising agents (e.g., chlorates, peroxides), especially at high temperatures.
Hazardous Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes,
Products	including: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and oxides of nitrogen.
Possibility of Hazardous	Reacts with incompatible materials. May react with strong oxidising agents (e.g.,
Reactions	chlorates, peroxides), especially at high temperatures.
Hazardous Polymerisation	Will not occur.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicity data available for this material.

Inhalation	Inhalation of dusts/vapours may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.	
Skin Contact	May be irritating to skin. They symptoms may include redness, itching, and swelling.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.	
Eye Contact	May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching, and tearing.	
Respiratory	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.	
Sensitisation		
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.	
Germ Cell	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.	
Mutagenicity		
Carcinogenicity	Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.	
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to toxic to reproduction.	
STOT-single Exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a single target organ.	
STOT-repeated	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
exposure		
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	No information available.
Persistence and Degradability	Insoluble in water - can be separated from water mechanically in suitable effluent
	treatment plans.
Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available.



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Mobility	Non-volatile and absorption into soil solid phase not expected.
Other Adverse Effects	Not available
Environmental Protection	Prevent this material entering waterways, drains, and sewers.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information	The disposal of the spilled waste material must be done in accordance with
	applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (7th Edition).

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the <u>criterial of the International</u> Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Not classified as Hazardous acc<mark>ording to the Gl</mark>obally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Poisons Schedule: Not scheduled.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

KEY/LEGEND	
ADG Code	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7 th
	Edition)
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS Number	Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)
CO2	Carbon Dioxide
Hazchem Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to
	emergency services, especially firefighters.
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer



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KG	Kilograms
LC50	LC stands for Lethal Concentration
LD50	LD stands for Lethal Dose
LT	Litres
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
NTP	National Toxicology Program (USA)
ppm	Parts per Million
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons
SWA	Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average
UN Number	United Nations Number

This SDS is prepared in accordance with the Safe Work Australia (SWA) document, entitled: Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice (February 2016).

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) summarises our best knowledge of the Health and Safety Hazard information pertaining to this product, including how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace.

Each user must review this SDS in the context of the how the product will be handled and used. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact Chemtools Pty Ltd, whereby we will attempt to obtain additional information from our suppliers.

Our responsibility for products sold is subject to our Terms and Conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.

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